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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/763,607	01/23/2004	Munir Uwaydah	016080-001	7270
21836	7590 06/02/2004		EXAM	INER
HENRICKS : SUITE 200	SLAVIN AND HOLI	SCHWARTZ, CHRISTOPHER P		
840 APOLLO STREET			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
EL SEGUNDO, CA 90245			3683	

DATE MAILED: 06/02/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

*	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/763,607	UWAYDAH, MUNIR			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Christopher P. Schwartz				
The MAILING DATE of this communication a Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet	with the correspondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REF THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a r  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perion  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the main earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	N. 1.136(a). In no event, however, may eply within the statutory minimum of to od will apply and will expire SIX (6) Mo	a reply be timely filed  hirty (30) days will be considered timely.  DNTHS from the mailing date of this communication.			
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	·				
2a) ☐ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☑ Th					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under	r <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C	.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.			
Disposition of Claims					
4) Claim(s) <u>1-31</u> is/are pending in the application	าท				
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdr					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6) Claim(s) 1-31 is/are rejected.					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	/or election requirement.				
Application Papers					
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examir	ner.				
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) a		hv the Examiner			
Applicant may not request that any objection to th					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corre					
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the I	Examiner. Note the attach	ed Office Action or form PTO-152.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
•	an nainaitu undan 25 II O O	2.440(.) (.) (.)			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig a) All b) Some * c) None of:	Jii priority under 35 O.S.C.	§ 119(a)-(d) or (f).			
1. Certified copies of the priority documer	nts have been received	$\cap$			
Certified copies of the priority documents		Application No.			
3. Copies of the certified copies of the pri					
application from the International Bure		in received in this National Stage			
* See the attached detailed Office action for a lis	st of the certified copies no	1/ 1/ 1/ 1/ 1/ 1/ 1/ 1/ 1/			
Attachment(s)	•	/ I WW RESCHIMER			
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)     Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) Interview	Summary (PTO-413) WWW. RHER EXAM			
<ol> <li>Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 Paper No(s)/Mail Date 2.</li> </ol>	5) Notice of	Summary (PTO-413) (s)/Mail Date. Informal Patent Application (PNO-102)  Part of Paper No./Mail Date 2			
S. Patent and Trademark Office	Action Summary				

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

### Information Disclosure Statement

1. The information disclosure statement has been received and considered.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 2. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
  - The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 3. Claims 16-31 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Regarding claims 16,24 it is unclear how a "portion" of at least one of the protrusions defines a slanted parallelepiped (six sided) shape. From the figures an entire protrusion appears to define the shape.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 5. Claims 1- 5,7-12,14,15 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Arbesman '047 in view of Spigener.

Regarding claims 1,8 Arbesman discloses a brake pad backing plate having a plurality of discontinuities formed therein, as discussed at the top of column 3, so that a brake pad may be securely attached..

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Arbesman lacks the specifics of how the plate is formed.

However the method of cutting or stamping is notoriously well known in the art as discussed in Spigener column 2 lines 22-33.

One having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made would have found it obvious to have stamped the plate of Arbesman from sheet material after first forming the discontinuities therein in a sheet so that new stamp dies do not have to be created for "each size and shape backing plate", as taught by Spigener.

Regarding claims 2-5,7,9-12,15 these requirements are met. Note the channels exist between the rows of discontinuities in Arbesman.

Regarding claim 14 the intent of Arbesman is to secure or mold a friction pad to the plate protrusions.

6. Claims 1-15 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hasegawa in view of Spigener.

Regarding claims 1,8 Hasegawa discloses a brake pad backing plate having a plurality of discontinuities formed therein as discussed at the top of column 3 (also), so that a brake pad may be securely attached. Note the dimples at 3.

Hasegawa lacks the specifics of how the plate is formed.

However the method of cutting or stamping is notoriously well known in the art as discussed in Spigener column 2 lines 22-33.

One having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made would have found it obvious to have stamped the plate of Hasegawa from sheet material after first forming the discontinuities in a sheet of plate material so that new stamp dies do

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not have to be created for "each size and shape backing plate" desired, as taught by Spigener.

Regarding claims 2-4 note the channels and protrusions could be considered to be at 3b and 3c, as broadly claimed.

Regarding claims 5-7,9-15 these requirements are met by Hasegawa as modified above, and as broadly claimed.

7. Claims 16-31 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Bunker et al. in view of Seitz et al..

Regarding claim 16 Bunker et al. discloses a backing plate with a number of protrusions having generally a "parallelepiped" shape but lacking a sixth side. See figures 3-7. Note that in column 2 line 25 Bunker states that numerous other shapes are possible. Also note the use of lip portions on some of the projections in Bunker et al.

Seitz et al. Is relied upon for a teaching of a general parallelepiped shaped projection on a backing plate 11. See figure 2 element 20'.

One having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention would have found it obvious to have modified the projections of Bunker et al., to a "slanted" parallelepiped shape, as broadly claimed, simply as an alternative equivalent choice of contoured projections used for the securement of a friction pad to the backing plate.

Regarding claims 17-23,25-31 these limitations are simply obvious structural equivalents to that of Bunker et al., as modified above.

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### Conclusion

8. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. The references cited show other types of plate projections.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Christopher P. Schwartz whose telephone number is 703-308-0576. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 9:30-6:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jack W. Lavinder can be reached on 703-308-3421. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Cps 5/27/04